PROFESSIONAL QUALITY OF LIFE SCALE (PROQOL)

COMPASSION SATISFACTION AND COMPASSION FATIGUE (PROQOL) VERSION 5 (2009)

When you [help] people you have direct contact with their lives. As you may have found, your compassion for those you [help] can affect you in positive and negative ways. Below are some-questions about your experiences, both positive and negative, as a [helper]. Consider each of the following questions about you and your current work situation. Select the number that honestly reflects how frequently you experienced these things in the <u>last 30 days</u>.

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	1.	I am happy.				
_	·.	• • •	e than one person I [help]	1		
		. I am preoccupied with more than one person I [help] I get satisfaction from being able to [help] people.				
	4.	I feel connected to others.	able to [help] beoble:			
	·· 5.	I jump or am startled by un	expected sounds.			
_	6.	I feel invigorated after wor	•			
	7.	I find it difficult to separate		life as a [helper].		
	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	8. I am not as productive at work because I am losing sleep over traumatic experiences of a person I [help].				
	9.	I think that I might have be	en affected by the trauma	tic stress of those I	[help].	
	10.	I feel trapped by my job as	a [helþer].			
	11.	Because of my [helping], I h	nave felt "on edge" about v	various things.		
	12.	I like my work as a [helper]				
	13.	I feel depressed because of	the traumatic experience	s of the people I [he	elp].	
	14.	I feel as though I am experi	encing the trauma of som	eone I have [helped]].	
	15.	I have beliefs that sustain m	ie.			
	<u> </u>	I am pleased with how I am	able to keep up with [hel	ping] techniques and	d protocols.	
	<u> </u>	I am the person I always wa	anted to be.			
	18.	My work makes me feel sat	cisfied.			
	19.	I feel worn out because of	my work as a [helper].			
	20.	I have happy thoughts and t	feelings about those I [hel‡	o] and how I could h	nelp them.	
	21.	I feel overwhelmed because		ms endless.		
	22.	I believe I can make a differ	ence through my work.			
	9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23.	I avoid certain activities or the people I [help].	situations because they re	emind me of frighter	ning experiences of	
	24.	I am proud of what I can do	o to [helþ].			
	25.	As a result of my [helping],	I have intrusive, frightenin	g thoughts.		
	26.	I feel "bogged down" by the	e system.			
	27.	I have thoughts that I am a	"success" as a [helper].			
	28.	I can't recall important part	s of my work with traum	a victims.		
	24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	I am a very caring person.				
	30.	I am happy that I chose to	do this work.			

YOUR SCORES ON THE PROQOL: PROFESSIONAL QUALITY OF LIFE SCREENING

Based on your responses, place your personal scores below. If you have any concerns, you should discuss them with a physical or mental health care professional.

Compassion Satisfaction _____

Compassion satisfaction is about the pleasure you derive from being able to do your work well. For example, you may feel like it is a pleasure to help others through your work. You may feel positively about your colleagues or your ability to contribute to the work setting or even the greater good of society. Higher scores on this scale represent a greater satisfaction related to your ability to be an effective caregiver in your job.

The average score is 50 (SD 10; alpha scale reliability .88). About 25% of people score higher than 57 and about 25% of people score below 43. If you are in the higher range, you probably derive a good deal of professional satisfaction from your position. If your scores are below 40, you may either find problems with your job, or there may be some other reason—for example, you might derive your satisfaction from activities other than your job.

Burnout

Most people have an intuitive idea of what burnout is. From the research perspective, burnout is one of the elements of Compassion Fatigue (CF). It is associated with feelings of hopelessness and difficulties in dealing with work or in doing your job effectively. These negative feelings usually have a gradual onset. They can reflect the feeling that your efforts make no difference, or they can be associated with a very high workload or a non-supportive work environment. Higher scores on this scale mean that you are at higher risk for burnout.

The average score on the burnout scale is 50 (SD 10; alpha scale reliability .75). About 25% of people score above 57 and about 25% of people score below 43. If your score is below 43, this probably reflects positive feelings about your ability to be effective in your work. If you score above 57 you may wish to think about what at work makes you feel like you are not effective in your position. Your score may reflect your mood; perhaps you were having a "bad day" or are in need of some time off. If the high score persists or if it is reflective of other worries, it may be a cause for concern.

Secondary Traumatic Stress_____

The second component of Compassion Fatigue (CF) is secondary traumatic stress (STS). It is about your work related, secondary exposure to extremely or traumatically stressful events. Developing problems due to exposure to other's trauma is somewhat rare but does happen to many people who care for those who have experienced extremely or traumatically stressful events. For example, you may repeatedly hear stories about the traumatic things that happen to other people, commonly called Vicarious Traumatization. If your work puts you directly in the path of danger, for example, field work in a war or area of civil violence, this is not secondary exposure; your exposure is primary. However, if you are exposed to others' traumatic events as a result of your work, for example, as a therapist or an emergency worker, this is secondary exposure. The symptoms of STS are usually rapid in onset and associated with a particular event. They may include being afraid, having difficulty sleeping, having images of the upsetting event pop into your mind, or avoiding things that remind you of the event.

The average score on this scale is 50 (SD 10; alpha scale reliability .81). About 25% of people score below 43 and about 25% of people score above 57. If your score is above 57, you may want to take some time to think about what at work may be frightening to you or if there is some other reason for the elevated score. While higher scores do not mean that you do have a problem, they are an indication that you may want to examine how you feel about your work and your work environment. You may wish to discuss this with your supervisor, a colleague, or a health care professional.

WHAT IS MY SCORE AND WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

In this section, you will score your test and then you can compare your score to the interpretation below.

To find your score on each section, total the questions listed on the left in each section and then find your score in the table on the right of the section.

Compassion Satisfaction Scale:

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6.	
2	

16. ____ 18. ____

20. ____ 22. ____

24. ____

27. ____

30. ____ Total:

Burnout Scale:

*I.	 =	
*4.	=	

8.

*I5. ____ = ____

*17. ____ = ___

19. ____

21.

26.

The sum of my Compassion Satisfaction questions	So My Score Equals	My Level of Compassion
22 or less	43 or less	Low
Between 23 and 41	Around 50	Average
42 or more	57 or more	High

My Level of The sum of my So My Score **Burnout Questions Equals Burnout** 22 or less 43 or less Low Between 23 and 41 Around 50 Average 42 or more 57 or more High

Reverse the scores for those that are starred.

0=0, 1=5, 2=4, 3=3, 4=2, 5=1

Total:

Secondary Trauma Scale:

2. ___ 5. ____

7. ____

11. ____ 13. ____

14. ____

23. ____

25. ____ 28.

Total:

The sum of my Secondary Traumatic Stress questions	So My Score Equals	My Level of Secondary Traumatic Stress
22 or less	43 or less	Low
Between 23 and 41	Around 50	Average
42 or more	57 or more	High